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Out: June 29

Due: July 4, 12:00

Exercise 1: Path Closure

Let $t: T \to \Sigma$ be a Σ -tree with maximum rank k and $D_k = \{0, \ldots, k-1\}$. The **path language** $\pi(t) \subseteq (\Sigma \cup D_k)^*$ is defined inductively by

- if $rk(t(\epsilon)) = 0$ (*i.e.* t is a leaf), then $\pi(t) := \{t(\epsilon)\}$
- if t has subtrees t_0, \ldots, t_n , then $\pi(t) := \bigcup_{i=0}^n \{t(\epsilon) \cdot i \cdot w \mid w \in \pi(t_i)\}$

For a tree language L, we define $\Pi(L) := \bigcup_{t \in L} \pi(t)$. The **path closure** of L is $pc(L) := \{t \mid \pi(t) \subseteq \Pi(L)\}$. L is **path-closed** if and only if L = pc(L).

Example:

$$t_1 = \bigvee_{y} \bigvee_{z}^{x} \bigvee_{z}$$
 and $t_2 = \bigvee_{z} \bigvee_{y}^{x} \bigvee_{y}$

Then $\pi(t_1) = \{x0y, x1z\}, \ \pi(t_2) = \{x0z, x1y\}$ and $\Pi(\{t_1, t_2\}) = \{x0y, x1z, x0z, x1y\}$. The path closure $pc(\{t_1, t_2\})$ contains t_1, t_2 and additionally the trees

$$t_3 = \bigvee_y \bigvee_y \bigvee_y$$
 and $t_4 = \bigvee_z \bigvee_z \bigvee_z$

- (a) Prove that if L is a regular tree language, then $\pi(L)$ is a regular language.
- (b) Prove that if L is a regular tree language, then also pc(L) is a regular tree language.
- (c) Let L be a regular tree language. Prove that L is path-closed if and only if L is recognizable by a DTDTA.
- (d) Is it decidable whether a regular tree language defined by a BUTA is path-closed?

Exercise 2: Finiteness of BUTA Tree Language

Show that it is decidable whether the tree language accepted by a given BUTA is finite. *Hint: search for loops*

Exercise 3: Boolean Satisfiability

Let $\Sigma = \{ \wedge/_2, \vee/_2, \neg/_1, 0/_0, 1/_0, x/_0 \}.$

- (a) Give a deterministic BUTA that recognises the satisfiable Boolean formulas over x.
- (b) Use (a) to establish whether $\neg(x \land 0) \lor (\neg x \land 1)$ and $(x \lor 0) \land (\neg x \land 1)$ are satisfiable.

Exercise 4: Tree Language Acceptance

Let $\Sigma = \{a/2, b/2, c/0, d/0\}$. Establish which of the following tree languages are accepted by some BUTA.

- (a) $L_1 := \{t \in \mathcal{T}_{\Sigma} \mid \text{the path } \epsilon, 0, 01, 010, 0101, \dots \text{ in } t \text{ contains an even number of } a's\}.$
- (b) $L_2 := \{t \in \mathcal{T}_{\Sigma} \mid t \text{ is an unbalanced tree}\}.$
- (c) $L_3 := \{t \in \mathcal{T}_{\Sigma} \mid \text{there are nodes } u, v \text{ in } t \text{ with } t(u) = c, t(v) = d \text{ and } u \text{ is left of } v\}.$
- (d) $L_4 := \{t \in \mathcal{T}_{\Sigma} \mid \text{precisely 2016 of } t \text{'s leaves are labelled by } c\}.$

Determine which of the languages above are also accepted by a deterministic TDTA.