# On the Relationship between $\pi$ -calculus and Finite Place/Transition Petri Nets

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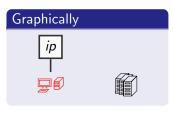
CONCUR Conference, 2009

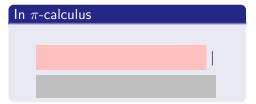




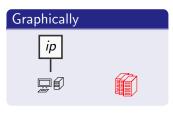


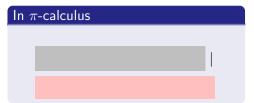




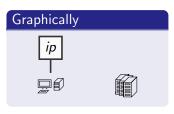






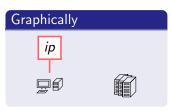






```
In \pi-calculus  \nu ip. \overline{url} \langle ip \rangle . ip(x). C \lfloor url, ip \rfloor \mid   \underline{url} (y). (\overline{y} \langle dat \rangle \mid S \lfloor url, dat \rfloor)
```

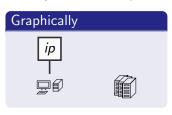




```
In \pi-calculus \begin{array}{c} \hline \textit{vip}. \overline{\textit{url}} \langle \textit{ip} \rangle. \textit{ip}(x). \textit{C} \lfloor \textit{url}, \textit{ip} \rfloor \mid \\ \hline \textit{url}(y). (\overline{y} \langle \textit{dat} \rangle \mid \textit{S} \lfloor \textit{url}, \textit{dat} \rfloor) \end{array}
```



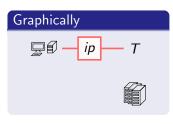
In response server spawns a new thread



```
In \pi-calculus  \nu ip.\overline{url}\langle ip\rangle.ip(x).C\lfloor url,ip\rfloor \mid \\ url(y).(\overline{y}\langle dat\rangle \mid S\lfloor url,dat\rfloor)
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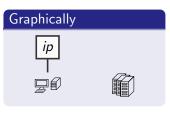
Thread sends on the private channel ip data dat to the client

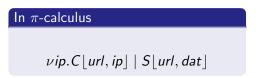


```
In \pi-calculus \begin{array}{c|c} \textit{vip} . (\textit{ip}(x).C \lfloor \textit{url},\textit{ip} \rfloor \mid \textit{ip}(\textit{dat}\rangle) \mid \\ S \lfloor \textit{url},\textit{dat} \rfloor \end{array}
```



Thread terminates, client is ready to contact server again

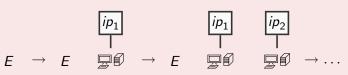






#### Assumption

Environment *E* generates clients





#### Contribution

#### Problem under Study

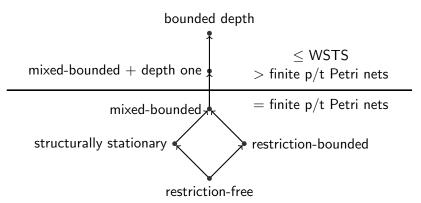
- Goal: Automatically verify mobile systems
- Approach: Translate system to automata-theoretic model
- Question: When are finite p/t nets sufficient?

#### Quality Criteria

- Bisimilarity:  $T(P) \approx T(\mathcal{N}[\![P]\!])$
- Finiteness:  $\mathcal{N} \llbracket P \rrbracket$  finite iff ...
- Expressiveness: Unbounded concurrency and restrictions

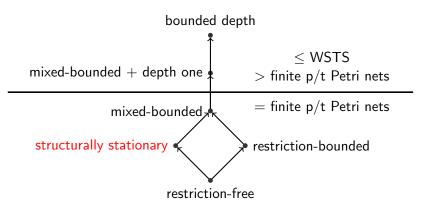


# A Hierarchy of Process Classes





# A Hierarchy of Process Classes





#### Problem

Unbounded number of clients and threads

#### Observation

Finite number of connection patterns



#### Represent Connections in a Petri Net

Connection patterns yield places

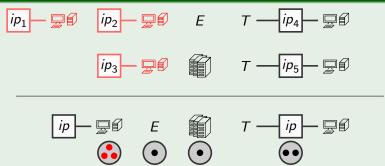
# Example Ε



#### Represent Connections in a Petri Net

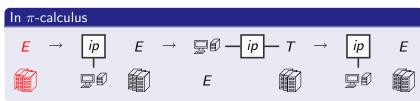
- Connection patterns yield places
- Occurence of a pattern yields a token

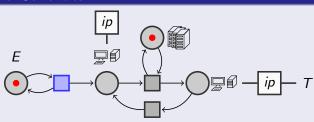
#### Example





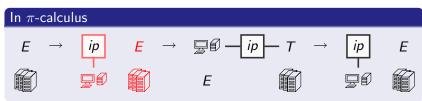
Transitions model evolution of patterns

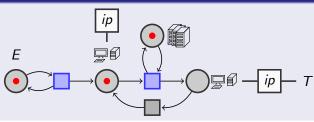






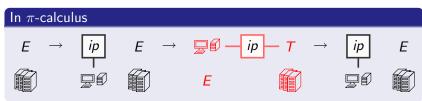
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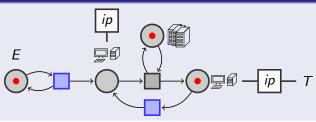






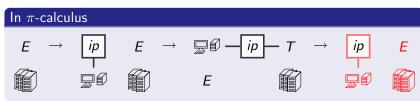
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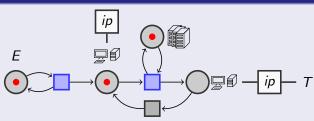






Transitions model evolution of patterns







Formalise idea of connection patterns

Example (Restricted Form)

Minimise scopes of restricted names

$$\nu ip.(ip(x).C[url, ip] | \overline{ip}\langle dat \rangle | S[url, dat])$$



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#### Example (Restricted Form)

Minimise scopes of restricted names

$$\nu ip.(ip(x).C[url, ip] | \overline{ip}\langle dat \rangle | S[url, dat])$$

$$\equiv vip.(ip(x).C|url,ip||\overline{ip}\langle dat\rangle) |S|url,dat|$$

#### Fragments

Topmost parallel components are called fragments

$$\nu$$
ip. $(ip(x).C\lfloor url, ip \rfloor \mid \overline{ip}\langle dat \rangle) \mid S\lfloor url, dat \rfloor$ 



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Fragments correspond to connection patterns





#### **Fragments**

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Fragments correspond to connection patterns

#### Lemma (Finiteness)

 $\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{S}} \llbracket P 
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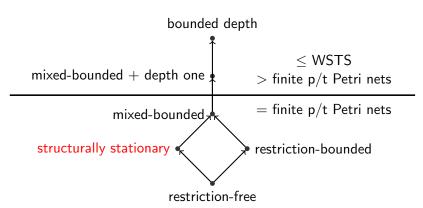
Fragments correspond to connection patterns

#### Lemma (Finiteness)

 $\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{S}}[\![P]\!]$  finite iff there is a finite set of fragments every reachable process consists of (structural stationarity)

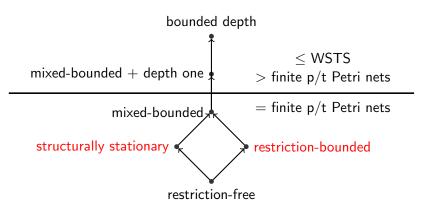


# A Hierarchy of Process Classes





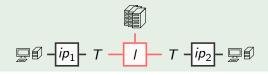
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#### A Modified Server

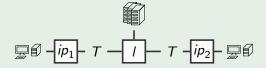
#### Server Maintains Control Channel with Threads



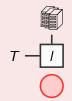


#### A Modified Server

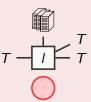
#### Server Maintains Control Channel with Threads



#### Structural Semantics Infinite









# Idea of Concurrency Semantics

• Treat restricted names as free names

#### Example





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## Idea of Concurrency Semantics

- Treat restricted names as free names
- Count number of sequential processes





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- Treat restricted names as free names
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#### Crucial Technicality

Preserve order in which free names are generated



#### Name-Aware Processes

#### Assumption and Preliminaries

Restricted names have indices

 $\nu z_0.P$ 



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- Restricted names have indices  $\nu z_0.P$
- Process P is in standard form sf(P)

$$\overline{a} \mid \frac{\nu z_0.(\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K[a])}{}$$



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$$\overline{a} \mid \nu z_0.(\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \lfloor a \rfloor)$$

$$\equiv \frac{\nu z_0.(\overline{a} | \overline{z_0} | a.z_0.K[a])}{}$$



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### Definition (Name-Aware Process)

- Idea: Store generated restrictions syntactically
- Technically: Pair  $(P^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a})$



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#### Example

$$vz_0$$
. $(\overline{a} \mid \overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \lfloor a \rfloor)$ 

$$(\overline{a} \mid \overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \lfloor a \rfloor,$$





Idea Name-Aware Transition System Definition of Concurrency Semantic Properties of Translation

### Name-Aware Reaction Relation

#### Example

Idea: Generate names by incrementing indices



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$$(K\lfloor a\rfloor, \{z_0\}) \rightarrow^{na} (\overline{z_1} \mid a.z_1.K\lfloor a\rfloor, \{z_0, z_1\})$$



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#### Definition (Name-Aware Reaction Relation)

$$(P^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a}) \rightarrow^{na} (Q^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a} \uplus \tilde{b})$$
 iff  $P^{\neq \nu} \rightarrow \nu \tilde{b}. Q^{\neq \nu}$  in sf Indices in  $\tilde{b}$  incremented



#### Lemma (Bisimilarity)

$$\mathcal{T}\left(P
ight)pprox\mathcal{T}_{na}\!\left(P^{
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u},\tilde{a}
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 with  $sf\left(P
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Example 
$$\overline{a} \mid K \lfloor a \rfloor$$
 with  $K(a) = \nu z_0.(\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \lfloor a \rfloor)$ 

$$\overline{a} \mid K \mid a \mid \bullet \cdots \bullet (\overline{a} \mid K \mid a \mid, \emptyset)$$



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$$\mathcal{T}\left(P\right) pprox \mathcal{T}_{na}(P^{\neq 
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## Example $\overline{a} \mid K \lfloor a \rfloor$ with $K(a) = \nu z_0 . (\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \lfloor a \rfloor)$

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$$K \lfloor a \rfloor \qquad (K \lfloor a \rfloor, \{z_0\})$$



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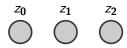
Name-Aware Transition System

Definition of Concurrency Semantics

Properties of Translation

# Definition of Concurrency Semantics

• Reachable names (+1) yield name places



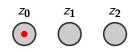


Name-Aware Transition System

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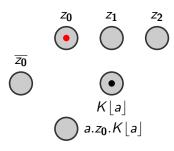
Properties of Translation

- Reachable names (+1) yield name places
- Next name to be generated is marked



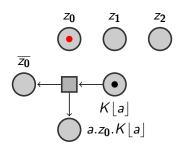


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- Reachable processes yield process places



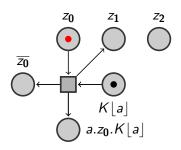


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- Reachable names (+1) yield name places
- Next name to be generated is marked
- Reachable processes yield process places
- Transitions imitate reactions and move name tokens



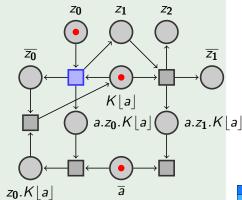


Idea Name-Aware Transition System **Definition of Concurrency Semantics** Properties of Translation

# Example $\overline{a} \mid K \lfloor a \rfloor$ with $K(a) = \nu z_0 . (\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0 . K \lfloor a \rfloor)$

#### Name-Aware TS

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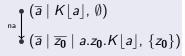


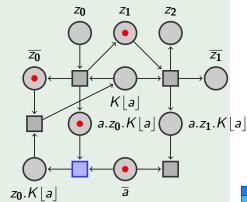


Idea Name-Aware Transition System Definition of Concurrency Semantics Properties of Translation

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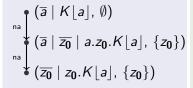


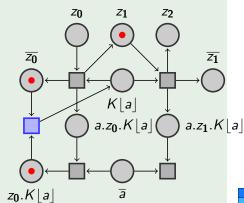


Idea Name-Aware Transition System Definition of Concurrency Semantics Properties of Translation

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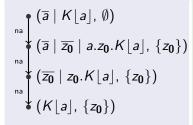


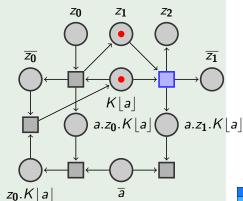


Name-Aware Transition System
Definition of Concurrency Semantics
Properties of Translation

# Example $\overline{a} \mid \overline{K} \lfloor a \rfloor$ with $K(a) = \nu z_0.(\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \lfloor a \rfloor)$

#### Name-Aware TS

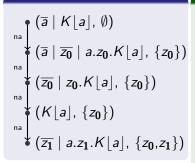


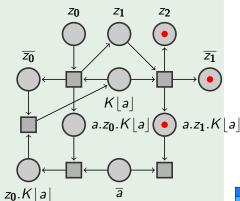




# Example $\overline{a} \mid K \mid a \mid$ with $K(a) = \nu z_0 . (\overline{z_0} \mid a.z_0.K \mid a \mid)$

#### Name-Aware TS







### Theorem (Bisimilarity)

$$\mathcal{T}(P) \approx \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{C}}\llbracket P \rrbracket)$$



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#### <u>Proof Idea</u> ←: Construct Process Places from Initial Process

• Removing prefixes yields finite set of derivatives



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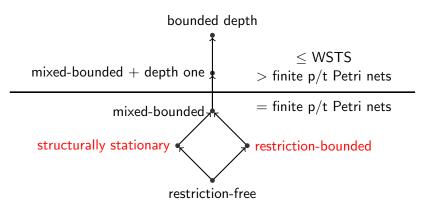
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#### <u>Proof Idea</u> ←: Construct Process Places from Initial Process

- Removing prefixes yields finite set of derivatives
- Reachable sequential processes = derivatives + substitutions
   Finite by boundedness assumption

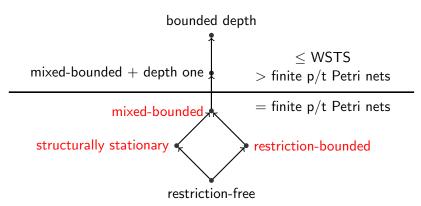


# A Hierarchy of Process Classes



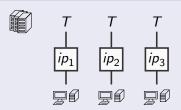


# A Hierarchy of Process Classes



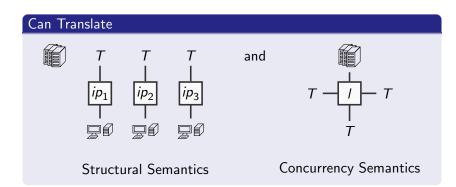


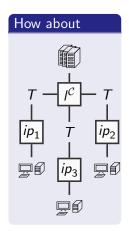
### Can Translate



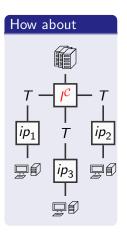
Structural Semantics







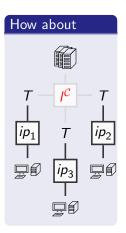




#### Idea

Tags determine translation of restricted names



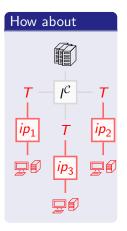


#### Idea

Tags determine translation of restricted names

• Translate / with concurrency semantics





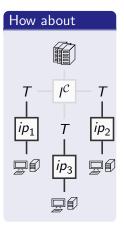
#### ldea

Tags determine translation of restricted names

- Translate  $I^{\mathcal{C}}$  with concurrency semantics
- Translate *ip* with structural semantics



## Back to Server



#### ldea

Tags determine translation of restricted names

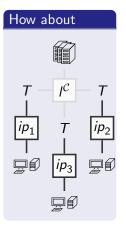
- ullet Translate  $I^{\mathcal{C}}$  with concurrency semantics
- Translate ip with structural semantics

#### **Problems**

• Fragments?



## Back to Server



#### ldea

Tags determine translation of restricted names

- ullet Translate  $I^{\mathcal{C}}$  with concurrency semantics
- Translate ip with structural semantics

#### **Problems**

- Fragments?
- Name-aware transition system?



#### Combine Standard and Restricted Form

$$\nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(\underbrace{S[\mathit{url}, l^{\mathcal{C}}]}_{\mathsf{Fragment}} \mid \underbrace{\nu \mathit{ip}.(T[l^{\mathcal{C}}, \mathit{ip}] \mid C[\mathit{url}, \mathit{ip}])}_{\mathsf{Fragment}})$$





#### Combine Standard and Restricted Form

$$\nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(S[url, l^{\mathcal{C}}] \mid \nu ip.(T[l^{\mathcal{C}}, ip] \mid C[url, ip]))$$

Standard form over fragments

$$T - I^{C} - T - Ip - \square$$



- Maximise scopes of tagged names
- Minimise scopes of untagged names

$$\nu$$
ip.( $\nu$ I<sup>C</sup>.( $S[url, I^C] | T[I^C, ip]$ ) |  $C[url, ip]$ )



- Maximise scopes of tagged names
- Minimise scopes of untagged names

$$\nu$$
ip.( $v$ | $^{\mathcal{C}}$ .( $S$ [url,  $I$  $^{\mathcal{C}}$ ] |  $T$ [ $I$  $^{\mathcal{C}}$ ,  $i$ p] $)$  |  $C$ [url,  $i$ p])

$$\equiv \nu i p.(\frac{\nu I^{\mathcal{C}}.(S[url, I^{\mathcal{C}}] \mid T[I^{\mathcal{C}}, ip] \mid C[url, ip]))$$



- Maximise scopes of tagged names
- Minimise scopes of untagged names

$$\nu ip.(\nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(S\lfloor url, l^{\mathcal{C}} \rfloor \mid T\lfloor l^{\mathcal{C}}, ip \rfloor) \mid C\lfloor url, ip \rfloor)$$

$$\equiv \frac{\nu ip.(\nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(S\lfloor url, l^{\mathcal{C}} \rfloor \mid T\lfloor l^{\mathcal{C}}, ip \rfloor \mid C\lfloor url, ip \rfloor))}{(1 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}$$



- Maximise scopes of tagged names
- Minimise scopes of untagged names

$$\nu ip.(\nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(S \lfloor url, l^{\mathcal{C}} \rfloor \mid T \lfloor l^{\mathcal{C}}, ip \rfloor) \mid C \lfloor url, ip \rfloor)$$

$$\equiv \nu ip.(\nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(S \lfloor url, l^{\mathcal{C}} \rfloor \mid T \lfloor l^{\mathcal{C}}, ip \rfloor \mid C \lfloor url, ip \rfloor))$$

$$\equiv \nu l^{\mathcal{C}}.(S \lfloor url, l^{\mathcal{C}} \rfloor \mid \nu ip.(T \lfloor l^{\mathcal{C}}, ip \rfloor \mid C \lfloor url, ip \rfloor))$$



## **Mixed Semantics**

### Name-Aware Transition System

Mixed normal form replaces standard form

$$(P^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a}) \rightarrow^{na} (Q^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a} \uplus \tilde{b})$$



## Mixed Semantics

### Name-Aware Transition System

Mixed normal form replaces standard form

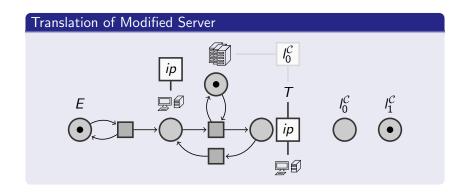
$$(P^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a}) \rightarrow^{na} (Q^{\neq \nu}, \tilde{a} \uplus \tilde{b})$$

^

$$(\stackrel{P^{rf}}{p}, \tilde{a}^{\mathcal{C}}) 
ightharpoonup^{na} (\stackrel{Q^{rf}}{q}, \tilde{a}^{\mathcal{C}} \uplus \tilde{b}^{\mathcal{C}})$$



### Translation of Modified Server





### Theorem (Bisimilarity)

$$\mathcal{T}(P) \approx \mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{M}} \llbracket P \rrbracket$$

## Theorem (Conservative Extension)

All names tagged

$$\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{M}} \llbracket P \rrbracket = \mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{C}} \llbracket P \rrbracket$$



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Reason: mixed normal form = standard form



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No tagged names:

$$\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{M}}\llbracket P \rrbracket = \mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{S}}\llbracket P \rrbracket$$



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All names tagged

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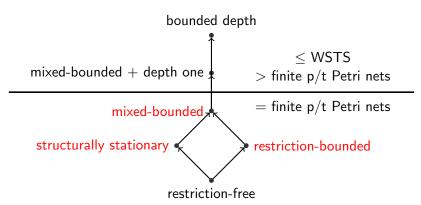
No tagged names:

$$\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{M}}\llbracket P \rrbracket = \mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{S}}\llbracket P \rrbracket$$

Reason: no name places

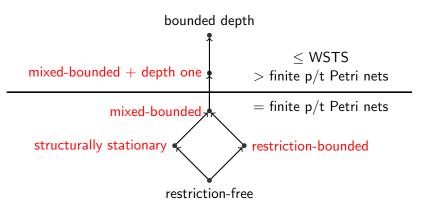


# A Hierarchy of Process Classes





# A Hierarchy of Process Classes

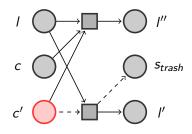




## Test for Zero in Petri Nets with Transfer [DFS98]

l: if c = 0 then goto l'; else c := c - 1; goto l'';

• Create copy c' of counter c

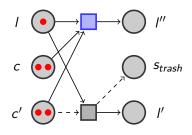




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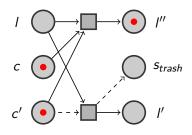




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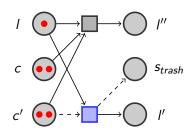




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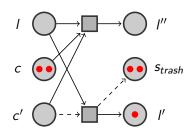




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• Offers increment and decrement operations

$$PB(a, i, d, t) := i.(PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor \mid \overline{a})$$

$$\nu a.(PB[a,i,d,t] \mid \overline{a} \mid \overline{a}) \rightarrow^* \nu a.(PB[a,i,d,t] \mid \overline{a} \mid \overline{a} \mid \overline{a})$$



• Offers increment and decrement operations

$$PB(a, i, d, t) := i.(PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor \mid \overline{a}) + d.a.PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor$$

$$\nu a.(PB|a,i,d,t||\overline{a}|\overline{a}) \rightarrow^* \nu a.(PB|a,i,d,t||\overline{a})$$



- Offers increment and decrement operations
- Modifies arbitrarily many processes with one communication

$$PB(a, i, d, t) := i.(PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor \mid \overline{a}) + d.a.PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor + t. \frac{\nu b.PB\lfloor b, i, d, t \rfloor}{}$$

$$\overline{t} \mid \nu a.(t.\nu b.PB \mid b, i, d, t \mid + \dots \mid \overline{a} \mid \overline{a})$$



- Offers increment and decrement operations
- Modifies arbitrarily many processes with one communication

$$PB(a, i, d, t) := i.(PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor \mid \overline{a})$$

$$+ d.a.PB\lfloor a, i, d, t \rfloor$$

$$+ t. \frac{\nu b.PB\lfloor b, i, d, t \rfloor}{\nu b.PB\lfloor b, i, d, t \rfloor}$$

$$\overline{t} \mid \nu a.(t.\nu b.PB \lfloor b, i, d, t \rfloor + \dots \mid \overline{a} \mid \overline{a})$$

$$\rightarrow \nu b.PB \lfloor b, i, d, t \rfloor \mid \nu a.(\overline{a} \mid \overline{a})$$



### Undecidability Relies on Combination of Two Features

• Unbounded number of processes  $\bar{a}$  per  $\nu a.(PB[a,i,d,t] \mid \bar{a})$ 



### Undecidability Relies on Combination of Two Features

• Unbounded number of processes  $\overline{a}$  per  $\nu a.(PB\lfloor a,i,d,t\rfloor \mid \overline{a})$ Not translatable by structural semantics



### Undecidability Relies on Combination of Two Features

- Unbounded number of processes  $\overline{a}$  per  $\nu a.(PB[a,i,d,t] \mid \overline{a})$
- ullet Unbounded number of instances of u a



### Undecidability Relies on Combination of Two Features

- Unbounded number of processes  $\bar{a}$  per  $\nu a.(PB[a,i,d,t] | \bar{a})$
- Unbounded number of instances of  $\nu a$

Not translatable by concurrency semantics



### Undecidability Relies on Combination of Two Features

- Unbounded number of processes  $\overline{a}$  per  $\nu a.(PB[a,i,d,t] \mid \overline{a})$
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- Unbounded number of instances of  $\nu a$
- Drop any of the restrictions yields mixed boundedness

#### Intuitively

Server where threads gather clients



### Related work

### Processes as Graphs

Due to Milner [Mil79, MM79, MPW92, Mil99, SW01]

#### Automata-Theoretic Semantics

- Concurrency
   [Eng96, MP95a, Pis99, AM02, BG95, BG09, DKK08, KKN06]
- Structure [MP95b, Mey09]

#### Normal Forms

Decidability of structural congruence [EG99, EG04a, EG04b, EG07]



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CONCUR 2009

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