

Exercises to the lecture  
Semantics  
Sheet 3

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Delivery until — at —

**Exercise 3.1** (A parity game equivalent to HOMC)

Remember the APTA  $\mathcal{A} = (\Sigma, Q, \delta, q_0, \Omega)$  from last sheet with  $\Sigma = \{a : \sigma \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow \sigma, b : \sigma\}$ ,  $Q = \{q_0, q_1\}$ ,  $\Omega = \{(q_0, 2), (q_1, 1)\}$  and transition relation

$$\delta(q_0, a) = (1, q_1) \wedge (1, q_0) \wedge (2, q_0)$$

$$\delta(q_1, a) = (1, q_1)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b) = tt$$

and the type judgement

$$\{H : (\theta_{H,q_0}, 2)^f, H : (\theta_{H,q_1}, 2)^f, F : (\theta_F, 2)^f\} \vdash \lambda x \lambda y. a(xyy)(F(Hx)y) : \theta_F.$$

where

$$\theta_{x,q_0} = \bigwedge \{(q_0, 2), (q_1, 2)\} \rightarrow \bigwedge \{(q_0, 2), (q_1, 2)\} \rightarrow q_0,$$

$$\theta_{x,q_1} = \bigwedge \{(q_0, 2), (q_1, 1)\} \rightarrow \bigwedge \{(q_0, 2), (q_1, 2)\} \rightarrow q_1,$$

$$\theta_{H,q_0} = \bigwedge \{(\theta_{x,q_0}, 2), (\theta_{x,q_1}, 2)\} \rightarrow \theta_{x,q_0},$$

$$\theta_{H,q_1} = \bigwedge \{(\theta_{x,q_0}, 2), (\theta_{x,q_1}, 2)\} \rightarrow \theta_{x,q_1},$$

$$\theta_F = \bigwedge \{(\theta_{x,q_0}, 2), (\theta_{x,q_1}, 2)\} \rightarrow \bigwedge \{(q_0, 2), (q_1, 2)\} \rightarrow q_0.$$

Consider the HORS  $\mathcal{G} = (\Sigma, \mathcal{N}, \mathcal{R}, S)$  with

$$\mathcal{N} = \{S : \sigma, F : (\sigma \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow \sigma, H : (\sigma \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow \sigma) \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow \sigma \rightarrow \sigma\}$$

and

$$\mathcal{R}(S) := Fac$$

$$\mathcal{R}(H) := \lambda x. \lambda y. \lambda z. x(xyz)(xyz)$$

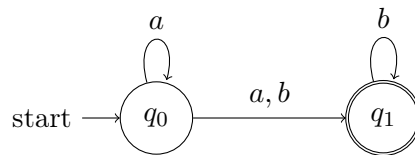
$$\mathcal{R}(F) := \lambda x. \lambda y. a(xyy)(F(Hx)y).$$

What is the tree generated by  $\mathcal{G}$ ?

Show that Eve has a winning strategy for the game  $\mathbb{G}_{\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{G}}$  from position  $(S, q_0, 2)$ .

**Exercise 3.2** (NBA Complementation)

Consider the NBA  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $\Sigma = a, b$  below:



Use Büchi's complementation method discussed in class to compute  $L(\mathcal{A})$  and  $\overline{L(\mathcal{A})}$ .